Q.1. Read the passage given below and answer the following questions. 1x5=5

Most nutrition experts today would recommend a balanced diet containing elements of
all foods, largely because of our need for sufficient vitamins. Vitamin were first called
‘accessory food factors’ since it was discovered, in 1906, that most food contain, besides
carbohydrates, fats, minerals and water, these other substances necessary for health. The most
common deficiencies in Western diets today are those of vitamins. The answer is variety in
food. A well-balanced diet having sufficient amounts of milk, fruit, vegetables, eggs and meat,
fish or fowl usually provides adequate minimum daily requirements of all the vitamins.

a) When did the vitamin discover?
b) What were vitamins first called?
c) What is well-balanced diet?
d) What is the most common deficiency in Western diets?
e) Mention two sources of protein?

Q.2. Read the passage given below and answer the following questions. 1x5=5

It was Mahatma Gandhi who first of all paid attention to the miserable lot of the
scheduled castes. He made all possible efforts to raise the so-called ‘untouchables’ from the
sub-human level of living to the life of human beings. He called them Harijans— the children of
God, and accordingly demanded for them an equal status in society. He took a very rational
approach in this matter. He had no patience with the old Hindu tradition according to which a
man’s status in society is determined by birth. He felt that the Indian society was originally
divided into four classes for the efficient functioning of the social order. It was a division of
labour, not a division of humanity-into high and low. For the efficient social functioning all
kinds of people are required: intellectuals, traders, fighters and menial servants. No class of
people is superior or inferior to the other. Every person has his or her own important function to
discharge in society. Mahatma Gandhi propagated these views both from the pulpit and with
his pen.

a) Who first of all paid attention to the miserable lot of scheduled castes?
   i)Dr Ambedkar.  ii)Mahatma Gandhi.  iii)Smt. Indira Gandhi

b) The word Harijan means
   i) scheduled castes.  ii)backward classes.  iii)scheduled tribes

c) Indian society was originally divided into
   i) four classes.  ii)two classes.  iii)three classes.

d) The division of Hindu society was meant
   a) the division of labour.  b) the division of humanity.  c) the division of society.
Q.3. Read the poem given below and answer the following questions. 1x5-5

It is only little twig
With a green bud at the end;
But if you plant it,
And water it,
And set it where the sun will be above it,
It will grow into a tall bush
With many flowers,
And leaves which thrust hither and thither:
Sparkling.
Form its roots will come freshness,
And beneath it the grass-blades
Will bend and recover themselves,
And clash one upon another
In the blowing wind.

a) How is a twig?

b) What is needed for the twig to become healthy & strong?

c) In what ways will the twig develop, if it is cared for?

d) Find the opposite meaning in the poem.

i) Large

ii) Staleness

c) Do you think the poem has a message for the readers?

Q.4. Read the passage given below and answer the following questions. 1x3-5

Long ago, a king ruled over a place called Gajapuram. He had a beautiful palace, many servants and guards, and vast stables. At his court there were famous artists, musicians, dancers, poets and architects. Wise ministers helped him to administer his large kingdom. Debates were held frequently, and important ideas were discussed in court.

The king was well known for his love of wisdom. However, he was extremely hot headed and impatient. When he was annoyed by someone he immediately had them thrown into the palace dungeons. Old Tirumala, a wise and faithful minister, had served the king’s father and now served the present king.

a) Where did the king rule over?

b) Who were there at his court?

c) What was the king well-known for?

d) What did the king do when he became angry with someone?

e) Who was a wise & faithful minister at the king’s court?
SECTION B -(Writing)

Q.5. Write a short paragraph describing how you celebrated 'Independence Day' in your School.

Q.6. Write a letter to Municipal Commissioner pointing out to him the necessity of Public Park in your crowded city.

Or

Write a letter to The Director, Mumbai Doordarshan to increase the number of educational TV programmes.

Q.7. Write an essay in about 150 words on one topic.

i) Trees our best friends
ii) My hobby
iii) Aim of my life

SECTION C - (Grammar)

Q.8.A) Rewrite the following statements as questions.

i) The man whistled and waved to some people.
ii) He did not want to sell the horse.

B) Choose the odd word and name the group

i) French, Spanish, German, Arabic, Holland
ii) Silver, Gold, Lead, Bronze, Leak, Copper

Q.9. A) Use the conjunction and rewrite the sentence.

i) The shopkeeper sells eggs, bread. The shopkeeper sells milk.
ii) His car is small. His car is very expensive

B) Find the proper noun and write it.

i) Tina, book, boat
ii) Hill, cat, great, Britain

Q.10 A) Write the function of the word underlined.

i) I know exactly where the map was.
ii) I was at the wrong tennis club.

B) Convert the sentence in

i) Minakshi ran towards the railway station (past continuous)

ii) Ram draws a beautiful cartoon (present perfect tense)

Q.11 A) Write the correct collective nouns

i) a __________ of stars
ii) a __________ of soldiers
iii) a __________ of a cards
iv) a __________ of China
B) Change the following sentences into passive voice.
   i) The keeper sees the ring. — dove.
   ii) You will hear the beat of a horse’s feet.

Q.12. A) Choose the correct verb from the bracket and fill in the blanks, the verb must agree
   with the subject. 
   i) The price of these jeans _________ reasonable. (is, are)
   ii) The cattle _________ grazing in the meadows. (was, were)

B) Punctuate the following sentences.
   i) you’re getting the idea I said
   ii) get on the pavement he threatened

Q.13. Change the following as indicated.
   i) India (adjective)  ii) free (abstract noun)
   iii) foot (plural)  iv) oxen (singular)

Q.14. Write the correct proverb
   i) eye for an eye
   ii) never better than late.

SECTION D — (Literature )

Q.15. Answer the following questions
   a) Why did Jadhoji tell the story?
   b) How do we know that Jadhoji Bhatt’s mind was still alert?
   c) How did kafur help the merchant’s wife in her mourning?
   d) What advice did the girl’s parents give her? Did she follow all the advice?
   e) What mysterious sound might you heard in the woods?
   f) Why do the animals ‘fear not men in the wood?”

Q.16. Explain with reference to context
   a) ‘They shut the road through the woods, seventy years ago’
   b) ‘You have an interesting face!’
   c) ‘The old brown horse looks over the fence, In a weary sort of way;

Q.17. Answer the following questions.
   a) Sketch the character of Jadhoji.
   b) Do you like the poem ‘The way through the wood’? Can you say why?
   c) Did Arjan Singh act like an obedient pupil? How?